

How do you find the volume of a composite figure?

Volume of a Prism

$$V = B \cdot h$$

$B$  = base area

Rectangular

$$V = l \cdot w \cdot h$$

Cube

$$V = s^3 \quad (\text{all dimensions equal})$$

Pyramid

$$V = \frac{1}{3} Bh \quad (\text{rectangle base})$$

Cylinder

$$V = (\pi r^2)h$$

Triangular prism

$$V = \left(\frac{1}{2}bh\right)h$$

Cone

$$V = \frac{1}{3}(\pi r^2)h$$

Sphere

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$B$  = base area

Prism  $\rightarrow V = Bh$

(cylinder)

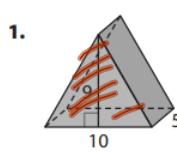
Pyramid  $\rightarrow V = \frac{1}{3}Bh$

(cone)

Sphere  $\rightarrow V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

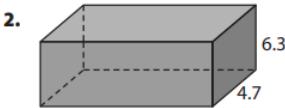
**EXERCISES**

Find the volume of each figure. Write an exact answer. (Lessons 18.1–18.4)



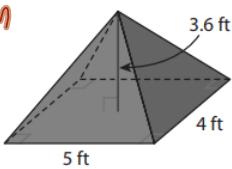
$$\underline{225}$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 9 \cdot 10 \cdot 5$$



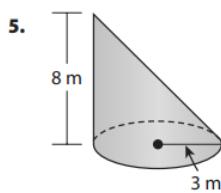
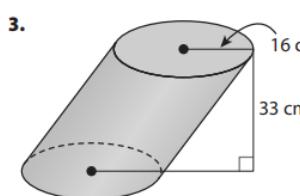
$$\underline{621.81}$$

$$V = B h \\ \pi(16^2)(33) \\ 8448\pi \text{ cm}^3$$



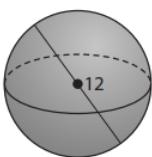
$$\underline{24 \text{ ft}^3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{1}{3} B h \\ &\downarrow \\ &\frac{1}{3}(4)(5)(3.6) \end{aligned}$$



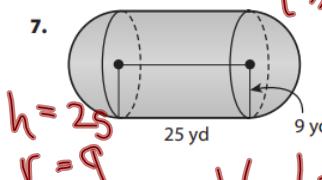
$$\underline{24\pi}$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} B h \\ (\frac{1}{3})^2 \pi (8)$$



$$\underline{288\pi}$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi \left(\frac{12}{2}\right)^3$$



$$V_{cyl} + V_{sphere}$$

$$2025\pi + 972\pi$$

## How do you find the surface area of solid figures?

Net

diagram of 3d figure that can be folded to form another 3d figure



Cross Section

A region of a plane that intersects a solid figure



Solid of rotation

when you rotate a 2d figure around an axis to form a 3d figure

Surface Area

total area of all the faces and curved surfaces of a 3d figure

Lateral Area

area of "sides"

"S" - "SA"

Prism  
Cylinder

Pyramid  
Cone

Sphere =

Surface Area

$$= 2B + L$$

$$= B + L \rightsquigarrow L = \frac{1}{2} P l$$

$$4\pi r^2$$

$B$  = base area

$L$  = lateral area

$P$  = Perimeter

$l$  = height

"S"-SA Surface Area       $B = \text{base area}$

$\text{Prism} = 2B + L$        $L = \text{lateral area}$

$\text{Cylinder} = B + \frac{1}{2}L$        $P = \text{Perimeter}$

$\text{Pyramid} = B + \frac{1}{2}L$        $l = \text{slant height}$

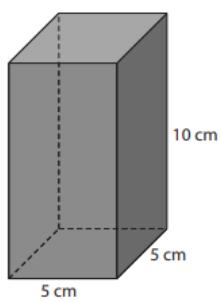
$\text{Cone} =$

$\text{Sphere} = 4\pi r^2$

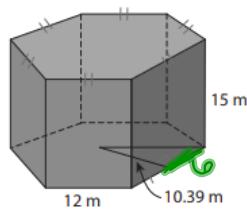
$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$

987-8  
PP. 999-1000  
1013-1014  
1023-1024

3.



4.



$$SA = 2B + L$$

$$L = Ph$$

$$6(12)15 = 1080 \text{ m}^2$$

$$B = 12\left(\frac{1}{2}bh\right)$$

$$12 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 6 \cdot 10.39 \text{ m}^2$$

$$2(374.04) + 1080$$

$$1828.08 \text{ m}^2$$

## Attachments

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[Wks25-26QuadraticFunctions.docx](#)